HEALTHCARE TRENDS IN CYBERSECURITY

REVEALRISK SECURE YOUR BUSINESS

17.5

PEOPLE ACROSS 436 BREACHES WERE REPORTED TO THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (HHS) BREACH PORTAL AS BEING AFFECTED BY BREACH. THIS FIGURE DOES NOT INCLUDE BREACHES THAT WERE NOT IDENTIFIED OR INCORRECTLY REPORTED.

93%

OF HEALTHCARE
CONSUMERS WHO USED
MEDICAL OR HOSPITAL
SERVICES IN THE LAST 18
MONTHS SAID THEY
WOULD LEAVE THEIR
PROVIDER IF THEIR
PRIVACY WAS
COMPRISED AS THE
RESULT OF AN ATTACK
THAT COULD HAVE BEEN
PREVENTED.



73% OF HEALTH SYSTEM,
HOSPITAL, AND
PHYSICIAN
ORGANIZATIONS
REPORT THEIR
INFRASTRUCTURE IS
UNPREPARED TO
RESPOND TO A
CYBERSECURITY EVENT.

80%

OF HEALTHCARE
ORGANIZATIONS HAVE
NOT PERFORMED A
CYBERSECURITY DRILL
WITH AN INCIDENT
RESPONSE PROCESS.

AN ALARMING NUMBER OF HEALTH CARE PRACTICES ONLY
"LEVEL UP" THEIR CYBERSECURITY EFFORTS AFTER A
BREACH. BY THE TIME A CYBERSECURITY EVENT HAS
OCCURRED, IT IS TOO LATE. HEALTHCARE PRACTITIONERS
AND HOSPITALS NEED TO BE PROACTIVE ABOUT MATURING
THEIR CYBERSECURITY EFFORTS BEYOND BASIC COMMODITY
HIPAA CONTROLS LIKE CONSENT FORMS AND CHECK-BOX
ASSESSMENTS.

HOW TO MITIGATE TENSION:

TENSION EXISTS WHEN HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS, IT PERSONNEL, AND CYBERSECURITY EFFORTS FIND THEMSELVES AT ODDS. TO OVERCOME THESE TENSIONS, ORGANIZATIONS NEED:



IMPROVED PROCESSES



THE RIGHT TECHNOLOGY TO ENHANCE SIMPLICITY WHILE PROMOTING SECURITY



EFFECTIVE CYBERSECURITY TRAINING

